



Jefferson County “Campaign to Help” Mill Levy June 30, 2019

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Based upon the request of citizens, the Colorado Legislature created Community Centered Boards (CCBs) in 1964 to provide, coordinate and oversee locally based services for people with intellectual and developmental disabilities (I/DD). From the earliest days, various local, county and state entities have worked together to provide these desperately needed services, which are costly due to the long-term care and intense support needs. The enabling CCB legislation promoted local fiscal support for these services. The Colorado statute allowed up to ½ mill of local property tax to be collected for developmental and habilitative services and in Jefferson County, our commissioners provided increasing support and in 1990 the full ½ mill level was achieved. The original ½ mill was used primarily for developing the administrative structure to support developing services that were not funded or underfunded. Statute was later revised to allow for a full mill of local tax support and in 2003 the voters in Jefferson County passed the Developmental Disabilities Resource Center’s (DDRC’s) “*Campaign to Help*” to allow an increase to one full mill. DDRC takes seriously its responsibility to be an excellent steward of this additional public community support and provides financial reports and presentations as required and requested.

For the period of July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019 DDRC received \$9,232,064 of Jefferson County mill levy support. This report details the expenditures of mill levy funding used for the services and supports that were delivered to approximately 4,500 individuals and their families. DDRC provides person-centered case management services for children and adults with intellectual and developmental disabilities or developmental delays and their families. Approximately \$ 800,000 from the mill levy, which constitutes approximately 15% of the total funding for the year was used for case management services.

Adult Services for individuals whom are of the age 18+ include personal care, homemaker services, home modifications, residential settings, day programs, employment services, respite, mentorship, assistive technology, therapeutic recreation, transportation, behavioral health, community access and the Self-Determination Initiative. The Home and Community Based Services (HCBS) Intellectual Developmentally Disabled (I/DD) and Supported Living Services (SLS) Medicaid Waivers are the primary funding sources for these programs. Approximately \$7.2 million from the mill levy, which constitutes approximately 28% of the total funding for the year was used for adult services.

Children and Family Services (CFS) include Early Intervention (EI), Family Support Services Program (FSSP), and Children's Extensive Support (CES). Approximately \$1.2 million from the mill levy, which constitutes 19% of the total funding was used for children and families.

Background

Based upon the request of citizens, the Colorado Legislature created Community Centered Boards (CCBs) in 1964 to provide, coordinate and oversee locally based services for people with intellectual and developmental disabilities (I/DD). Prior to the establishment of CCBs, services were provided in state-run, regionally-centered institutions including the State Regional Centers in Wheat Ridge, Grand Junction and Pueblo. The legislation creating CCBs envisioned a private public partnership in a local community with a collaborative approach to serving this vulnerable population. From the earliest days, various local, county and state entities have worked together to provide these desperately needed services, which are costly due to the long-term care and intense support needs.

The enabling CCB legislation promoted local fiscal support for these services. The Colorado statute allowed up to ½ mill of local property tax to be collected for developmental and habilitative services. County Commissioners across the state had the power to determine annual fiscal allocations. In Jefferson County, our commissioners provided increasing support and in 1990 the full ½ mill level was achieved. The original ½ mill was used primarily for developing the administrative structure and to enhance poorly funded programs. Recognizing the great need for services to grow, the County Commissioners encouraged the DDRC, (then called Jefferson County Community Center), to work to amend the state law to allow a higher local tax base. The DDRC Board of Directors took on the challenge and, with the assistance of Jefferson County Senator Bonnie Allison and Representative Norma Anderson, was successful in revising the law to allow a full mill of local tax support.

The County Commissioners planned to implement the new higher cap when Colorado's funding mechanisms were altered in 1992 by a new amendment to the Colorado Constitution, commonly called the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR). A key component of this referendum was that citizens must directly vote to approve tax increases of any sort.

The DDRC community responded to the challenge and in 1994 created a campaign to ask voters to raise taxes by the additional ½ mill. Unfortunately, there were limited resources and time available and voters rejected the proposal. However, inspired by direct citizen communication, DDRC launched a multi-year community education effort, followed by a referendum campaign in 2003. The effort was named the *Campaign to Help* and was dramatically successful with passage of the addition ½ mill.

DDRC takes seriously its responsibility to be an excellent steward of this additional public community support and provides financial reports and presentations as required and requested. DDRC funds are subject to an annual financial statement audit by an independent certified public accounting firm. These audits are published on the DDRC website.

Allocation of assigned resources is determined each year by the DDRC Board of Directors in public meetings. The voluntary DDRC Board is made up of a caring and extremely

knowledgeable group of business and civic leaders. The bylaws require that 51% be family members of individuals receiving services. This highly informed group is currently led by a president who serves as the designee of the Jefferson County Commissioners. Under this leadership, and with regular opportunities for public input, the Board takes on the challenging task of budgeting available dollars for unlimited needs. Mill levy funding is allocated based upon direction set through public input derived from a wide range of public meetings. This input has consisted of community forums, Consumer Council/People First meetings, focus group feedback, widely distributed feedback request forms, The Arc serving Jefferson County presentation and proposal, web site requested feedback, Board committee meetings, public testimony and a strategic planning effort.

Colorado ranks 45th in the country (as of 2017 per State of the States I/DD study/data brief 2019 University of Colorado) in its fiscal effort for services to individuals with I/DD. People with I/DD in Jefferson County have waited for 20 plus years or more for residential services.

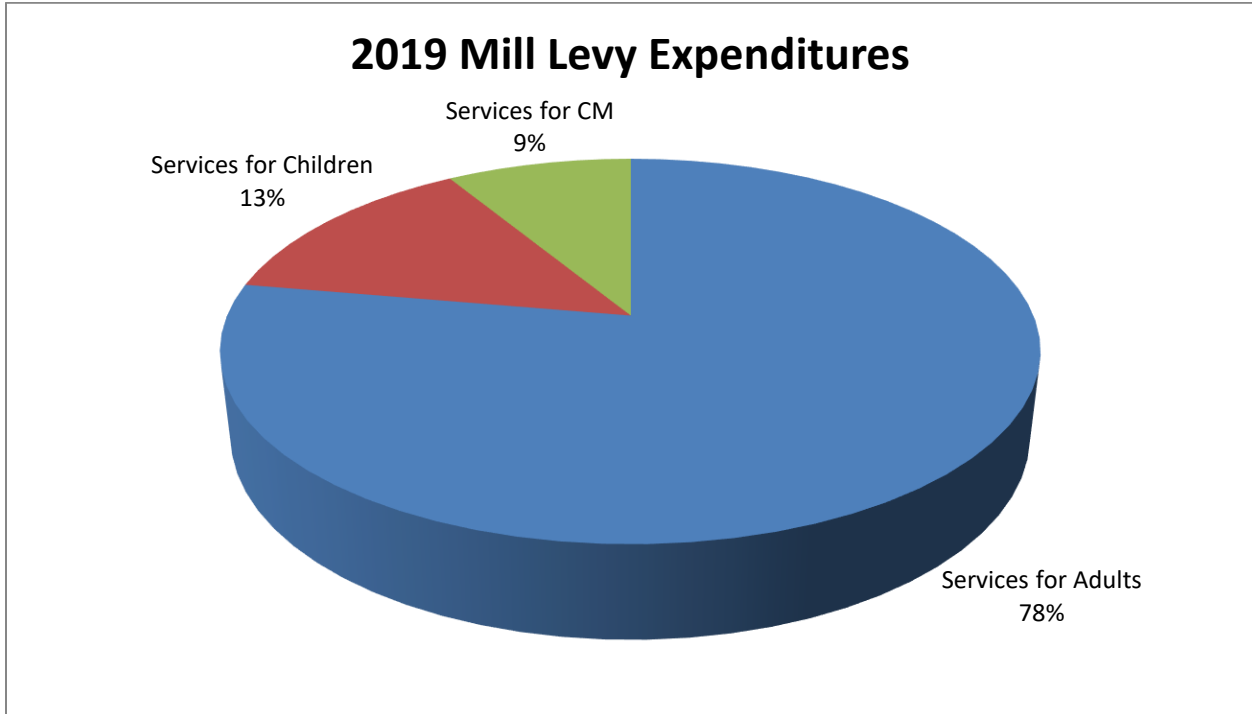
Mill Levy Participation Requirements

While some mill levy funded services may have additional criteria for participation, all services require individuals be a resident of Jefferson county and meet Colorado's criteria for an I/DD. Colorado's rules defining an I/DD have been revised and a new expanded rule was implemented August 1, 2013.

Developmental Disabilities Resource Center Report on Intellectual and Developmental Disability Services Supported by Mill Levy Funding July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019

The following report provides a breakdown of the cost of case management and direct services provided to adults and children and families with I/DD, for the period of July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019. The report details the expenditure of \$9,232,064 mill levy funding used for the services and supports that were delivered to approximately 4,500 individuals and their families. Graph A illustrates the percentage costs incurred by case management, adult services, and children and family services as funded by mill levy dollars. Section I of the report presents the expenditures for case management services for adults and children and families. Section II of the report presents the detail of expenditures for adult services. Section III of the report presents the detail of expenditures for children and family services. Lastly, Section IV offers additional background related to how services are funded and the nature of expenditures of developmental disability services for both adult and children and family services. It provides the reader a clear breakdown of the cost of services by funder, type of service and on a per-person basis.

Graph A: Case Management, Adult, and Children and Family Expenditures



I. Case Management Service Costs (Mill levy costs of \$803,346)

DDRC provides person-centered case management services for children and adults with intellectual and developmental disabilities or developmental delays and their families. The total cost to provide case management services within the DDRC catchment area, for the year was approximately \$5.4 million. Of the \$5.4 million, \$4.6 million was generated through DDRC’s contract with the State for both Medicaid and State General funds, as well as through fundraising and other revenue. Approximately \$800,000 was generated from the mill levy, which constitutes approximately 15% of the total funding for the year. Table 1 summarizes the average cost for the year to serve an individual.

Table 1. Mean Cost of Case Management Services: Annual Average per Individual

<u>Source</u>	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Percentage</u>
All Sources	\$1,558	100%
All Sources without Mill Levy	\$1,330	85%
Mill Levy	\$228	15%

Resource Coordination and Service Coordination DDRC refers to case management services for children birth through age 2 as Service Coordination and Resource Coordination for individuals 3 and older.

Resource/Service Coordination serves individuals and families by working together to maximize opportunities, resources and community involvement. A Resource/Service Coordinator is assigned to each person requesting service. Resource/Service Coordination includes

determination of eligibility, information and referral, assessment, service plan development, and coordination and monitoring of services. Resource/Service Coordinators help individuals and families understand what services are available, the enrollment process, service and support options and service agency and provider options. The Resource/Service Coordinator’s role is to assist as needed to individuals and families to identify desired outcomes and the resources needed for those outcomes. Resource/Service Coordinators strive to maximize support options in the individual’s natural community. Through information, education and advocacy, Coordinators partner with individuals and families to safeguard rights and assure due process.

DDRC Resource/Service Coordinators facilitate all service plan meetings and provide written reports to individuals and families in their preferred primary language. While DDRC has some staff that is bilingual, there are occasions when it is necessary to contract with a professional interpreter or translation service. DDRC also has Language Line, which provides immediate access to a wide range of languages. In addition, professional interpreter services for individuals with hearing impairments are available.

DDRC affords individuals fair and equitable access to available Program Approved Service Agencies (PASAs) through a Request for Proposal (RFP) process for the Home and Community Based Services Intellectual/Developmental Disabilities (HCBS-I/DD), Supported Living Services (SLS), and Children’s Extensive Support (CES) Waiver programs. Individuals and families are also provided the option of receiving their Medicaid Waiver Case Management services from another Case Management Agency.

Children and Family Services

DDRC Children and Family Services (CFS) provides Service Coordination to children (ages 0-18) and their families applying for and enrolled in Early Intervention (EI), Family Support Services Program (FSSP) and Children’s Medicaid Waivers, which include Children’s Extensive Support (CES) and Children’s Home and Community Bases Services (CHCBS).

Adult Resource Coordination

During fiscal year 2019, there were 1,570 adults enrolled or eligible for adult services throughout the reporting period (see Table 2). The calculations in this report are based on a census of 1,177, which is the fulltime equivalent of individuals receiving services.

Table 2. Number of Adults by Service Enrollment (n=1,570)

<u>Service</u>	<u>Number</u>
SLS-Waiver	439
Host Home, PCA, Own Home	600
Case Management/Wait List Only	393
Group Residential	72
SLS-State	66
Total	1,570

Table 2A indicates that 36% of individuals receiving services are age 18+. Approximately 55% of adults receiving services are male and 45% female.

Table 2A. Adult Services by Age Group (n=36%)

<u>Age Range</u>	<u>Percent</u>
18-21	4%
22-29	10%
30-39	8%
40-49	5%
50-59	5%
Over 60	4%

Table 3 highlights the secondary and other tertiary diagnoses for the individuals who received Adult Services through the reporting period. The number of conditions exceeds the number of persons served because individuals may have more than 1 corresponding condition.

Table 3. Secondary & Other Tertiary Diagnoses for Adults with a Primary Clinical Diagnosis of I/DD

<u>Diagnosis</u>	<u>Number</u>
Seizure Disorder	224
Dual/Mental Illness	170
Speech Impairment/Non-verbal	162
Cerebral Palsy	143
Autism	132
Down Syndrome	125
Maladaptive Behavior	96
Attention Deficit Disorder	77
Other Neurological	58
Non-ambulatory	51
Developmental Delay	50
Visual Impairment/Blind	50
Hearing Deficit/Deaf	39
Medically Fragile	19
Fragile X Syndrome	19
Brain Injury	15
Non Mobile	12

Adult Case Management Individuals Waiting for Service

In addition to the direct services and Case Management services provided to active enrolled adults, an average of 393 individuals per month received waitlist Case Management. Waitlist case management includes the annual review of waiting list options and choices, assistance with referrals to generic services and requests for emergency status. When a crisis is encountered, Case Management works with Health Care Policy and Financing (HCPF) to approve emergency enrollments. In addition to those 393 individuals that received waitlist Case Management, an

average of 463 adults received some level of services while waiting for additional types of services. During fiscal year 2019, DDRC received 35 new requests for emergency enrollment prioritization; 30 were provided an authorization to enroll in comprehensive services, 2 people withdrew their enrollment request, and 5 people were denied emergency status by HCPF.

II. Adult Service Costs (Mill levy costs of \$7,176,385)

Adult Services include I/DD and SLS for adults whom are of the age 18+. The total cost to serve the adult population, within the DDRC catchment area, for the year was approximately \$26 million. Of the \$26 million, \$18.8 million was generated through DDRC’s contract with the State for both Medicaid and General funds, as well as through fundraising and other revenue. Approximately \$7.2 million was generated from the mill levy, which constitutes approximately 28% of the total funding for the year. Table 4 summarizes the average cost for the year to serve an individual in the adult population.

Table 4. Mean Cost of Adult Services: Annual Average per Individual

<u>Source</u>	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Percentage</u>
All Sources	\$26,693	100%
All Sources without Mill Levy	\$19,302	72%
Mill Levy	\$7,391	28%

I/DD Program Information and Enrollments

During fiscal year 2019 an average of 672 individuals were enrolled in the I/DD waiver. Included are a number of different types of residential settings that provide an array of training, learning, experiential and support activities designed to meet individual needs.

Additionally, adult day services provide opportunities for individuals to experience and actively participate in valued roles in the community. These services and supports enable individuals to access and participate in typical community activities, such as work, recreation, and senior citizen activities. Finally, transportation activities refer to “Home to Day Program Transportation” services relevant to an individual’s work schedule as specified in the Individualized Service Plan. For these purposes “work schedule” is defined broadly to include adult activities such as education, training, community integration and employment.

The Family Caregiver (FC) model is an option offered through the I/DD Waiver. It allows individuals to remain in their family home and the service agency employs the family member to provide the needed care and support.

Another alternative under the FC model is Comprehensive Services in the Family Home (CSFH). This also allows comprehensive services to be provided to the individual in the family home, but these are provided by service agency providers who are not family members. Within the 672 individuals enrolled in I/DD, 47 are enrolled in FC, 9 are enrolled in CSFH, and 6 have a combination of FC and CSFH.

Supported Living Services (SLS) Program Information and Enrollments

During fiscal year 2019 SLS had an enrollment of 542 of individuals. SLS is an opportunity to support individuals with I/DD based on their needs and preferences. SLS includes individual choice, involvement and the availability of supports to assist individuals to access and participate in typical activities and functions of community life. SLS can provide supports to both adults living in the family home and adults living in their own homes. SLS offers an array of supports to choose from to assist individuals in being as independent as possible. SLS is designed to use a variety of natural non-paid supports and generic community services available to all individuals who qualify, augmenting the paid supports provided. SLS may not be able to provide all of the supports a person necessarily needs but is able to assist and supplement some of those needs.

The Family Caregiver (FC) model is an option offered through the SLS. It allows individuals to remain in their family home and the service agency employs the family member to provide the needed care and support. Within the 439 individuals enrolled in SLS, 45 are enrolled in FCG.

The types of allowed support services that are provided in SLS are identified in Table 5. This table reflects 12 months of services by the number of individuals receiving the specified service. Some individuals may have received more than 1 service.

Table 5. Type of Service: Individuals Receiving Specified Services

<u>Type of Service</u>	<u>Number of Individuals</u>	<u>Percent of Total</u>
<u>Served</u>		
Transportation	283	27%
Day Habilitation	172	17%
Respite	112	11%
Homemaker	96	9%
Mentorship	82	8%
Personal Care	78	8%
Vision	77	7%
Supported Employment	39	4%
Specialized Medical Equipment & Supplies	39	4%
Movement/Massage Therapy	17	2%
Other	16	1%
Assistive Technology	12	1%
Behavioral	<u>10</u>	<u>1%</u>
Total	1,033	100%

Community Access/Support, Transportation, Education and Participation (STEP) Program

DDRC Recreation Therapists and Specialists work with individuals living in service area group homes that need additional one-on-one or one-on-two support to access the community. This service was developed from input indicating individuals living in group home settings need support to access the community. The Community Access/STEP Program allows individuals opportunities to participate in community activities and events in addition to increasing individual skills. General activity goals may include cooking skills, social skills, hygiene, safety, independence, choice/decision making, community integration, leisure involvement, physical

fitness, money management, healthy eating skills and educational opportunities. Activities are designed and adapted to each individual's specific needs and desires.

During fiscal year 2019 there were 34 individuals served in this program. These activities involve assessing barriers to community involvement, identifying community resources, education and planning for community involvement along with door-to-door transportation. Individuals participated in 165 activities, received 439 direct contact hours and were provided 114 hours of transportation.

Special Olympics

DDRC Therapeutic Recreation offers the opportunity for individuals with I/DD in the community to participate in Special Olympics (SO) year-round.

DDRC had a total of 105 athletes that participated in 10 sports:

Fall Sports = 38 athletes
Bowling
Volleyball
Flag Football

Winter Sports = 20 athletes
Basketball
Skiing

Spring Sports = 24 athletes
Track and Field
Swimming
Soccer

Summer Sports = 23 athletes
Bocce Ball
Softball

Participation included 182 hours of training and participation in community leagues and 120 hours of competition in SO area and State meets. Total staff time equaled 461 hours. There were also 40 volunteer coaches and unified partners from the community who put in approximately 1,261 hours volunteering in the DDRC SO program.

In addition to participation in the various SO sport training and competition, 27 athletes, partners, coaches, and DDRC staff devoted 32 hours to SO fundraisers and community events.

Self-Determination Initiative

DDRC's Self-Determination Initiative (SDI) supports people with I/DD to access their communities, become more independent, and experience self-direction and authority over their lives. SDI allows for both self-direction and control over funding and provides more flexibility than what is available through Medicaid. The Arc serving Jefferson County proposed the initiative to DDRC, helped to develop it and continues to participate on the steering committee. SDI is open to eligible individuals 18 and older residing in Jefferson County.

The DDRC Self-Advocacy Coordinator, with the support of a steering committee, reviewed 111 applications for funding and assistance through the SDI during fiscal year 2019, helping them reach unique and individualized goals. The steering committee includes DDRC's Deputy Director & CFO; DDRC's Director of Access, a Jefferson County parent, the Director of Young Adult Advocacy for the Arc in Jefferson, Clear Creek and Gilpin Counties, the Executive

Director at Colorado Initiative for Higher Education and DDRC’s Self Determination Coordinator.

Health/Safety/Quality Assurance Services and Requirements

DDRC’s Quality Assurance staff engages in quality oversight, customer responsiveness, health and safety, rights and due process, monitoring, and mistreatment investigations and assures that service provision adheres to state and Medicaid standards, rules and regulations. More than 1,400 incident reports were reviewed during the year to determine appropriate follow-up for health and safety and to look for possible need for additional preventative measures. DDRC investigates allegations of mistreatment of individuals with I/DD. DDRC has an independent Human Rights Committee (HRC) that reviews all investigations.

DDRC complies with all mandatory reporting laws, HCPF and the Division for Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities (DIDD) regulations in regard to critical incident reporting. DDRC provided a mandatory reporting training on SB-109 reporting processes and regulations to all PASAs. Guardians, also mandatory reporters, participated as well.

Reports of health issues or violations concerning residents of group homes are submitted to the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment (CDPHE). HCPF, DIDD and Colorado Department of Human Services (CDHS) are notified of all serious incidents and reports of deaths.

DDRC’s Quality Assurance continues to provide technical assistance to new and existing agencies on a daily or as needed basis.

Table 6. Quality Assurance Monitoring and Investigations:

<u>Type</u>	<u>Number</u>
Review of Individual Incident Reports	1,362
Personal Needs Audits for individuals with PASAs contracting with DDRC	105
Investigations (approximately 12 hours per investigation)	136
Individual Site Monitoring	107
Day Program Site Monitoring Visits	13

Comparatively, during fiscal year 2018 DDRC had 120 investigations and 1,794 reviews of individual incident reports.

During fiscal year 2019, there were 625 critical incident reports which resulted in 136 investigations. DDRC’s HRC reviews do not always occur in the same fiscal year as the investigation, hence the smaller number of investigations reviewed by DDRC’s HRC for fiscal year 2019.

DDRC’s HRC is comprised of independent 3rd-party review experts and family members who volunteer to meet once a month for approximately 5 hours. The HRC reviews investigations, psychotropic medication usage, rights restrictions and suspensions and safety control plans. An

average of 42 reviews take place each month for the protection of rights for individuals receiving services.

Table 7. Focus of Human Rights Committee

<u>Type</u>	<u>Number</u>
Review for Use of Psychotropic Medications	254
Investigations	123
Review for Suspension of Rights	86
Follow-up Reviews	15
Review for Safety Control Procedures	13
Final Reviews	9
Review for Restrictive Procedures	3

III. Children and Families Service Costs (Mill levy costs of \$1,252,333)

Children and Family Services (CFS) include Early Intervention (EI), Family Support Services Program (FSSP), Children’s Extensive Support (CES).

The total cost to serve the population of children with developmental delays and disabilities and their families, within the DDRC catchment area, for the year was approximately \$6.5 million. Of the \$6.5 million, \$5.3 million was generated through DDRC’s contract with the State for General funds, as well as through fundraising and other revenue. Approximately \$1.2 million was generated from the mill levy, which constitutes 19% of the total funding for these services. Table 8A summarizes the average cost for the year to serve children and their families. Table 8B indicates that 64% of the individuals receiving services through DDRC are children from birth to age 18.

Table 8A. Mean Cost of Children & Family Services: Annual Average per Child/Family

<u>Source</u>	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Percentage</u>
All Sources	\$3,112	100%
All Sources without Mill Levy	\$2,519	81%
Mill Levy	\$593	19%

Table 8B. Children in Services by Age Group (64%)

<u>Age Range</u>	<u>Percentage</u>
Birth to 4	37%
5-9	16%
10-13	6%
14-17	5%

Early Intervention (EI) Program Information

EI services offer educational and therapeutic supports to children birth – 3 with developmental delays or disabilities. These services are designed to enhance the capacity of families to support their child’s well-being, development, learning and full participation in their communities. Services are coordinated by a Service Coordinator to address desired functional outcomes and are provided in the everyday routines and activities of the families.

Research has shown that children who receive early intervention services are more likely to need fewer services as adults, if any at all. Within the current structure, the state of Colorado funds only a portion of the children served in Jefferson County. DDRC’s EI program provides services to an average of 1,055 infants and toddlers per month. Under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), EI is not allowed to have a waiting list for children birth – 3, so every eligible child must receive services. Research also shows that children birth – 3 respond best to intervention when it occurs in their natural environment and within everyday routines and activities. Accordingly, under IDEA, we are required to provide services in the child’s natural environment, which is the home for most families. Table 9 highlights early intervention services by location and number of hours of services provided.

Table 9. Early Intervention Services: Hours of Service and Location

<u>EI Hours of Services</u>	<u>Center-based</u>	<u>Natural Environment</u>	<u>Total</u>
Total Hours	0	32,896	32,896
Percent	0%	100%	100%

A child can receive EI services under the age of 3 if significantly delayed in one or more of the following areas: communication, adaptive behavior, social-emotional, motor, sensory, or cognition.

Because of the importance of identification of children at a young age, DDRC works with all its community partners regarding public awareness and the importance of developmental screening. This helps ensure children are referred at an early age and that referral sources are aware of the EI services available. DDRC staff continue to participate in Launch Together, a county-wide multi-year grant funded initiative aimed at better screening for, identifying and addressing the social-emotional needs of young children and families. DDRC staff also participate in the Jefferson County home Visitation Collaborative and the Centralized Intake Pilot Workgroup, both of which are community groups created to increase collaboration, work toward ensuring needs of children and families are met and streamline referral and access to community resources. The expansion and maintenance of referral networks throughout the county is critical to reach all diverse populations. DDRC distributes informational materials and sponsors or participates in forums to reach Jefferson County families, childcare providers and health-related professionals via email and postings on social media including LinkedIn and Facebook. Individuals in the community need to be informed and educated about developmental delays and disabilities and how to apply for services. CFS and EI staff are also members of the Triad Early Childhood Council and CFS staff are also members on the Jefferson County Child and Youth Leadership Commission subcommittees. Both interagency groups actively work to better meet

the needs of children and families in our community through provision of services that are individualized, strength-based, culturally competent and family centered.

Table 10. Number of Children Ages 0-3 Referred Per Month:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Number of Referrals</u>
July 2018	173
August	155
September	151
October	165
November	164
December	171
January 2019	191
February	150
March	170
April	195
May	160
June	<u>140</u>
Total	1,985 Average of 165 per month

Comparatively, during fiscal year 2018 DDRC received a total of 1,850 referrals, an average of 154 per month.

Services to children by gender are disproportionate with 38% for females and 62% for males. Similar to national trends, there has been a rising incidence of children with autism in DDRC services.

Family Support Services Program (FSSP) Information

FSSP provides an array of services to people with I/DD, and their families, when the person remains within the family home, thereby preventing or delaying the need for out-of-home placement.

Families who are considered Most in Need relative to other families may receive FSSP funds. Overall level of need is based on a child’s care needs, behavior, family composition and stability, access to support networks and other resources.

FSSP provided funding to 277 families in their role as primary caregivers for a family member with I/DD during fiscal year 2019.

Table 11. Type of FSSP

<u>Service</u>	<u>Percent</u>
Respite	33%
Professional Services	29%
Medical & Dental	20%
Home Modifications, Assistive Technology and Supplies	8%
Transportation	4%
Parents & Siblings Education and Supports	3%
Other Individual Services	<u>3%</u>
Total	100%

Children’s Extensive Support (CES) Program Information

CES is intended to provide needed services and supports to eligible children under the age of 18 in order for the children to remain in or return to the family home. Services are targeted to children having extensive support needs, which require direct human intervention on a consistent basis. The behavior and medical condition must be considered beyond what is typically age appropriate. Available services include personal assistance, home modification, specialized medical equipment and supplies, professional services and community connection services. DDRC served 126 children during fiscal year 2019. There is no longer a waiting list for this program.

Behavioral Health Services Program Information

DDRC developed a Behavioral Health Team (BHT) with the support of mill levy funds responding to feedback that such services are a priority for many individuals with I/DD and an unmet need in the DDRC community. The team consists of the Behavioral Health Team Manager, a part-time contract psychiatrist, an RN/Case Manager and two Board Certified Master’s level behavior analysts. This team provides clinical assessment, behavior intervention services and psychiatric evaluation, consultation, medication management, social skills classes and training for parents and caregivers.

DDRC’s BHT services are designated for eligible Jefferson County individuals regardless of age, wait list status, funding category or service agency. The psychiatrist provides services to individuals 14 years of age or older since he is not a child psychiatrist. During fiscal year 2019, DDRC’s BHT provided an average of 645 hours in such services per month. In addition, the BHT’s Manager provides clinical supervision for Adult Vocational Services’ BCaBA expanding behavioral services in their program. The BHT Manager also conducts a monthly training on behavioral principles with prevention and intervention strategies.

Individuals with a Medicaid covered Mental Health diagnosis are referred to Jefferson Center for Mental Health for their mental health services. The Behavioral Health Organization for Jefferson County, Beacon Health Options, does contract with DDRC as a behavioral health provider for some individuals who meet the Medicaid covered diagnoses criteria but whose needs have been determined to be better met through the DDRC BHT.

Table 12. Information Specific to Psychiatric Services is as Follows: Incidence of Individuals in Active Service with I/DD and Mental Illness by Diagnosis Category/Disorder

<u>Disorder</u>	<u>Incidence</u>
Intellectual/Developmental Delay	421
Bipolar Disorders Type	400
Anxiety Disorders	227
Attention Deficit Disorder	221
Major Depressive Disorder	209
Pervasive Developmental Disorders	183
Psychotic Disorders	76
Insomnia	31
Schizophrenia	30
Intermittent Explosive Disorder	29
Mood Disorder	28
Communication Disorders	21
Personality Disorders	10
PTSD	8
Reactive Attachment Disorder	7
Obsessive Compulsive Disorder	4
Dementia	4
Avoidant/Restrict Food Intake Disorder	3
Sad/Depressed	2
Opioid Use D/O	1

Information specific to behavior analyst’s intervention services during fiscal year 2019: The behavior analysts served 56 individuals with an average length of treatment of 22 months, and an average time spent waiting for such services of 121 days. Participants ranged from 3-58 years of age with 61% being individuals over 18 years of age. Most common behaviors addressed were physical aggression, verbal aggression, property destruction, and low-level follow through/uncooperative behavior/non-compliance. Other targeted behaviors treated included self-injurious behaviors, elopement, disruptive behaviors, inappropriate touch, inappropriate interactions, sexualized behaviors, excessive self-talk, lying, threatening behavior, perseveration, social skill concerns and stealing. Services are provided in a variety of settings including the family home, community, school, day program, work, daycare, host homes, apartment, group home, and nursing home. The BHT utilizes a behavior clinic model for many individuals. The behavior clinic takes an interdisciplinary approach, with members of the entire team attending to ensure accurate information sharing and consistency in treatment implementation.

Caregiver Competency and Training

Mill levy funds support the development and implementation of training programs and technical assistance to improve the knowledge, skills and abilities of employees of DDRC, contractors and volunteers to ensure quality services and best practices. During fiscal year 2019, DDRC employees developed, arranged and/or provided over 261 hours of in-classroom instruction to over 1,280 caregivers, managers and service providers.

Abuse/Neglect/Exploitation/Mistreatment	Mission/Vision/Values
Active Shooter and Preparedness	Onboarding/Orientation of New Employees for Managers
Adult, Infant, Child CPR and First Aid	Mission/Vision/Values
Alternative Communication and Communication Styles	Motivation of Human Behavior
Blood Borne Pathogens	Onboarding/Orientation
Blueprints of Financial Success	Performance Management
Code of Ethics	Person-Centered Thinking
Community Support of Individuals at Risk of Challenging Sexual Behaviors	Pharmacology
Confidentiality and HIPAA	Physical Transfer – Wheelchair
Conflict of Interest	Planning for a New Chapter in Life
Diversity	Positive Behavioral Supports
Documentation	Power of Positivity
Emotional Regulation and Dual Diagnosis	Practical Guide to Trauma
Employee Engagement	Restrictive Procedures
Grief, Death and Dying	Safe Driving/Van Safety
Home Visit Safety/Safer Interactions	Safety Care/Behavioral Intervention
Human Rights	Safety Intervention
Incident Reporting	Sensitivity
Individualized Service Plans	Sign Language
Leadership	Trust and ABLE Accounts
Mindfulness	Unconscious Bias
	Understanding Cerebral Palsy
	Universal Precautions
	Unlawful Harassment
	Working with Families

In addition, DDRC has provided many training sessions to individuals and families receiving services including:

Advanced Care Planning	Guardianship and Alternatives
Medical Durable Power of Attorney/Proxy	Grief Dancers
Home Ownership	Self-determination Initiative
Intro to Applied Behavior Analysis	Self-advocacy in Job Search
	Special Needs Trusts

IV. Cost Breakdown and Cost Methodology for I/DD Services

Nearly 4,500 adults, children and families are served by DDRC. While some individuals need personal care for eating, dressing, bathing and toileting, others may need monitoring of oxygen or g-tube feeding, others may have behavioral health, psychological, medical or mobility service needs. Many individuals need help with transportation, cooking, money management, job placement, and assistance in accessing general services in the community. However, each service area has a financial cap based on funding and the support needs identified in the individual’s Service Plan. The state establishes the rates and expenditure caps for Medicaid services. Increases to services can only be adjusted by an amendment to the Service Plan by a Case Manager (Resource Coordinator), which is then submitted to the state. For an adjustment

to be considered, Case Managers include an analysis demonstrating that the individual requires an increase in services based on life changes. State staff review and determine whether the request meets criteria for a change.

DDRC follows the rate-setting levels established by the state. Medicaid services have mandated rates established by the state. In those instances, DDRC is required to use the state-imposed rate structure as a maximum rate per service.

In order to manage cost decisions, an expenditure methodology based on supports intensity scale (SIS) levels is used to track average and projected costs. The levels are established by the state and are based on the assessment of support needs of the individual including behavioral health issues, medical needs, level of mental and cognitive capacity, among other clinical factors listed in Tables 3 and 12, in addition to ongoing individualized risk assessments.

Additional cost factors inclusive of the average rate of service include ancillary service costs such as case management, transportation, and durable medical equipment. The following charts report average per person costs for adult and children and family services during fiscal year 2019.

Mill Levy Yearly Report: July 1, 2018 - June 30, 2019

Chart A: Case Management Services

Average Cost funded by All Sources	Average Cost funded by All Sources without County	Average Cost funded by County
\$1,558	\$1,330	\$228

Chart B: Adult Services

SIS Level	Average Cost funded by All Sources by Level	Average Cost funded by All Sources without County by Level	Average Cost funded by County by Level
1	14,956	10,815	4,141
2	24,543	17,748	6,795
3	26,068	18,850	7,218
4	32,526	23,520	9,006
5	34,769	25,142	9,627
6	43,743	31,632	12,111
Average	\$26,693	\$19,302	\$7,391

*Chart C: Early Intervention, Children’s Extensive Support & Family Support Services (EI, CES & FSSP)**

Average Cost funded by All Sources	Average Cost funded by All Sources without County	Average Cost funded by County
\$3,112	\$2,519	\$593

* SIS levels do not apply to Children and Family Services

Adults and children who receive services in Jefferson County are dispersed throughout the entire county. Table 13 illustrates the heaviest concentrations of services by zip code where the number of individuals exceeds 100 individuals per code.

Table 13. Individuals Served by Zip Code

Zip Code	Individuals Served
80004	258
80228	254
80127	241
80128	239
80226	232
80003	227
80033	213
80214	197
80005	187
80401	179
80227	176
80021	159
80232	153
80123	153
80215	145
80002	111
80439	97
80007	91

IV. Appeals/Grievances/Complaints

DDRC had 1 individual who initiated a CHCBS appeal. There were 53 formal complaints addressed by the Quality Assurance Manager. These complaints involved issues regarding care and provider concerns.

V. Report Review and Distribution

The DDRC Finance Committee has reviewed this report and approved it for distribution.

This report has been submitted for review by the Jefferson County Commissioners.

Hard copies of the annual mill levy report will be provided on request. Additionally, the report can be viewed and downloaded from DDRC's website www.ddrcco.com.

Please send inquiries and comments to:
Beverly Winters, MSW
Executive Director
Developmental Disabilities Resource Center
11177 W. 8th Avenue
Lakewood, CO 80215
Beverly.winters@ddrcco.com